



SRMS

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CAMPUS-ANVESHAN

**College of
Engineering,
Technology & Research**



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Principal's Desk

The major challenge for today's engineering educational institutions is to accommodate the ever varying aspirations of the younger generation because of increasingly changing demand and development in industries. SRMS College of Engineering, Technology & Research is one among reputed technical institutes imparting the finest quality education. It has been a forerunner in recognizing the needs of the industry and integrating knowledge with professional inputs. By maintaining a team of core faculty members, who are constantly pushing the frontiers of knowledge, we ensure a futuristic approach that keeps pace with the changing trends in the professional world through our global perspective. We endeavour to equip our students with both technical and management skills by the way of enabling them to participate in seminars, workshops in and out of the Institute, apart from educational tours and industrial project works, so that they may contribute to the industry being excellent professionals. Besides technical competence, we imbibe moral values which are equally important to make them better citizens besides honing their technical skills. We constantly put efforts to accommodate these aspirations by fine tuning the academics of college with innovative and practical oriented teaching - learning practices along with other developmental activities.

With all the laurels we have achieved till date, I am sure we will keep providing a gamut of professional Engineers and Technocrats, backed by top most professional services.

Dr. L. S. Maurya
Principal



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HAPPENING AT THE COLLEGE

Live Guest Lecture

On Saturday, 11 June 2022, SRMS CETR's Department Of Computer Science and Engineering organised a Google Meet Live Guest Lecture in Mini Auditorium from 10:10 A.M. to 12:10 P.M. for First and Second year students. The Chief Guest and Spokesperson of the Lecture was **Dr. Rajeev Gola** who is a **Senior Engineer Manager at Microsoft** and the topic of discussion was **"IT Industry Types, Roles and Expectations"**. MOC of the event was done by Er. K.K Agarwal. The Principal Dr. L.S. Maurya whole heartedly welcomed the Chief Guest, Faculty members, students and introduced the theme of event to the students.



Further, **Dr. Rajiv sir** elaborated on types of IT industries, various types of roles and the job profiles available for the students as a golden opportunity today. He also thoroughly informed students about what the IT industry expect today from a fresher engineer. A Question and Answer session also took place in the end as a conclusion of this session wherein students cleared all their doubts. Dr. L.S. Maurya played the vital role in arrangements of this worthy fruitful session and making it a success. At the end of the event, Dr. Jyotirmay Patel thanked everyone for smooth conduction of this event and urged everyone to cooperate for such events in future too, so that students could take maximum benefit from them.



HAPPENING AT THE COLLEGE

International Yoga Day Celebration at SRMS CET&R Campus

To help keep the faculties and students healthy in body and mind, the **International Yoga Day** was celebrated on 21st June 2022 with great in lush green lawns of **Shri Ram Murti Smarak College of Engineering Technology & Research , Bareilly**. The theme of this year was “**Yoga for Humanity**”.



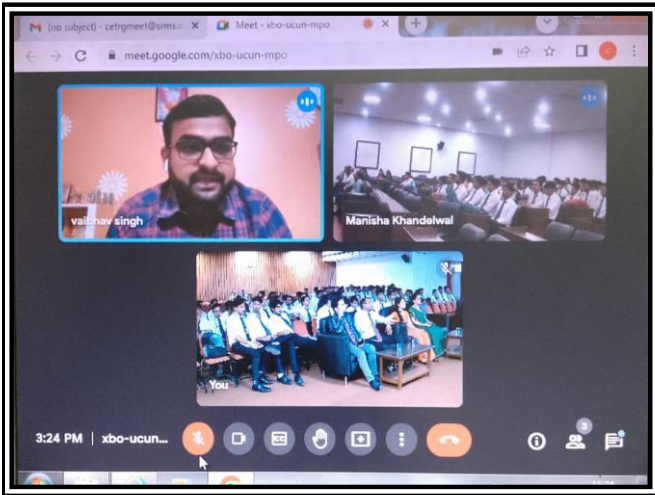
The Program was inaugurated by the Principal of the college Prof. Dr. L.S. Maurya by lamp lighting and seeking the blessings of the Goddess Saraswati. The session started with warming up followed by the series of Yoga Asanas like Shitli, Bhujang Asanas, Trikon Asanas, Pranayama and Meditation. The Yoga Instructor Ms. Renu Bohra conducted yoga session with great dedication and also enlightened the importance of different Asanas for our healthy body. The Faculties, Staff along with students participated with full interest and eagerness. The program was very refreshing, reviving and relaxing.



HAPPENING AT THE COLLEGE

Alumni Lecture Series on Google Meet

TRAINING DEVELOPMENT & PLACEMENT CELL of SRMS Institutions organised a Google Meet under the Alumni Lecture Series wherein Mr. Vaibhav Kumar Singh, Alumnus B.Tech. (EC-2015 Batch, Asstt. Manager Electric Vehicles Division, Mahindra & Mahindra, Bengaluru) addressed B.Tech (CS/IT/EC/EN/ME) II Year students on Thursday, 23rd June, 2022 from 3:10 P.M. to 4:10 P.M. in New Seminar Hall of SRMSCET Campus where SRMSCET & R students of CS II Year also participated. The Topic of the Event was “Emerging Opportunities in the Automobile Sector”.



Mr. Vaibhav Kumar Singh elaborated about the emerging opportunities in the Automobile Sector & how to achieve these opportunities. He also talked about the Pre-requisites in order to easily get these opportunities & students can benefit. At last, a doubt session was there in the event where students cleared their doubts. The session was very fruitful for students in order to achieve their goals in life.



STUDENT CORNER

A Teacher for All Seasons

A teacher is like Spring,
Who nurtures new green sprouts,
Encourages and leads them,
Whenever they have doubts.

A teacher is like Summer,
Whose sunny temperament
Makes studying a pleasure,
Preventing discontent.

A teacher is like Fall,
With methods crisp and clear,
Lessons of bright colors
And a happy atmosphere.

A teacher is like Winter,
While it's snowing hard outside,
Keeping students comfortable,
As a warm and helpful guide.
Teacher, you do all these things,
With a pleasant attitude;
You're a teacher for all seasons,
And you have my gratitude!

*Compiled By:
Mohd. Sartaj Raza
B.Tech (Second Year) CS*

Don't wait for Perfection, Start Now!

When we have dreams, we have a passion. When we have a passion, we want to do it with perfection.

Often, when we have some goals, we want to start it with a blast. We want to become an overnight star. We want to achieve best as soon as possible. But things take time. It gets better with the time, but the key is to start as soon as possible.

What happens is that we have an idea, which we think can change our or someone's life instantly. But we don't work on it until we have favorable situations. We wait for more time and more resources. And, one day someone else built a product on that idea and we regret.

We have heard this statement, "Ohh I also had the same idea, but could not start."

How perfection often turns out our biggest enemy?

Initially, once an idea enters into our mind, it takes a lot of time. We don't have sufficient information initially. We have some doubt in your mind and the worst of all is that you want to start it perfect. No, that is not possible most of the time. This feeling of "I will do it perfect" often stops us before we start.

Think for a while, how much time we waste before making the first move towards our goal. What happens is this? You were about to start and then you realize that You can do it better. You stop it between and say that I will do it tomorrow in a better way.

Few day passed and you lost interest in that idea. It could be your business idea or something about your dream.

*Compiled By:
Abhiyansh Gupta
B.Tech (First Year) CS*

Willpower is the key to Success; People Lack Will

You must all have heard the English proverb "Where there is will, there is way". This is so true.

Every one of us wants to fulfil their dreams in life. But most of us think that we have to do something extraordinary to achieve them. Then it comes to make excuses. Some says I do not have enough time right now. Some says I do not have enough skills yet. In these excuses, they even neglect little that they can do at present time.

"People do not lack strength; they lack will." ~ Victor Hugo

For example, one of my friend want to built an online shopping cart. But he says it needs too much investment at the beginning. It needs funds to buy contracts from product owner as well as to maintain website and developers. So he even had not taken his first step.

Let me tell you that the first step is not to invest money. The first step is to study what you actually want. You should have the process and plans documented. Then you automatically find your next step and it will not be so big that you cannot do it. You can always start from little. Success takes time but you should be determined willpower along the way.

*Compiled By:
Aman Patel
B.Tech (Second Year) CS*

The fundamentals of security incident response—during a pandemic and beyond

A rapidly expanding remote workforce introduces new challenges when it comes to identifying your vulnerabilities and responding rapidly, but it doesn't change the fundamentals—identify, protect, detect, respond, and recover.

Information security is a nonstop race between you and cybercriminals—and COVID-19 means more challenges for your organization and more opportunities for attackers. We spoke with cyber security experts about the challenges a newly remote workforce creates for organizations, how to respond to a cyber threat, and how the threats themselves are changing.

The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic makes it more difficult to respond to a threat in progress. Being proactive is crucial, and the best time to update your strategy to reflect a shelter-in-place workforce is the same for every business, large or small: yesterday.

The five pillars of cyber security

Obviously, the kinds of attacks you face and the resources at your disposal depend on the size of your organization. But the crucial actions you must take are drawn from the National Institute of Standards and Technology's (NIST) cyber security framework, and they are the same for businesses big and small: identify, protect, detect, respond, and recover. It's a step-by-step process for assessing how vulnerable your system is, doing everything you can to remove vulnerabilities, quickly triaging the damage when a breach does

occur, getting up and running again, and—most important—eradicating those weak links for the future.

Not all organizations are created equal. "A big company has all those resources in-house; they'll have the investigators, the forensic capability, the ability to develop a plan based on the breach and put that plan into action," says Simonis. Response plans differ depending on size and budget, and many of the challenges that small and midsize businesses face are more daunting than ever due to the ongoing pandemic.

*Compiled By:
Ashwani Arya
B.Tech (First Year) CS*

How COVID-19 accelerated the move to hybrid cloud

The changes wrought in business by the impact of the pandemic make business agility and flexibility the leading necessities in your digital transformation process. A single solution just cannot offer the required flexibility to adapt to rapidly changing business conditions. If they were not already headed that way, many IT departments are now finding it necessary to accelerate their migration to multicloud architectures because of the novel coronavirus.

In fact, IDC says that by 2022, more than 90 percent of enterprises worldwide will rely on a mix of on-premises or dedicated private clouds, multiple public clouds, and legacy platforms to meet their infrastructure needs. It even predicts that a rising desire by companies to mitigate future disruptions by being more flexible, agile, and resilient could make 2021 "the year of multicloud."

"We are seeing the coronavirus situation accelerating enterprise interest and adoption of cloud," says Deepak Mohan, research director at IDC. "The term we're hearing most often in this context is resilience.

*Compiled By:
Harsh Vardhan Saxena
B.Tech (Second Year) CS*

FACULTY ARENA

Nanotechnology: Technology for Future

"There's Plenty of Room at the Bottom: An Invitation to Enter a New Field of Physics" was a lecture given by physicist Richard Feynman at the annual American Physical Society meeting at Caltech on December 29, 1959

Nanoelectronics (Contd...)

Nanorobotics:

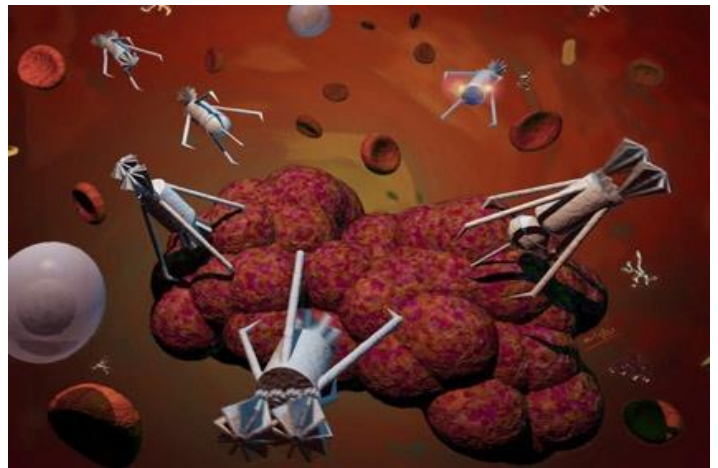
Nano-robotics is the technology of creating machines or robots close to the microscopic scale of a nanometer (10⁻⁹), Nanorobotics range from 0.1-10 micrometers, They are made up of nanoscale or molecular components, The names nanorobots, nanoids, nanites or nanomites are used to describe these hypothetical devices, Nanorobots can be used in many application areas such as medicine & space technology.

Nanorobotics refers to the largely hypothetical nanotechnology engineering of designing and building nanorobots, They are known as a controllable machine, Although the field of Nanorobotics is different from that of the macro-robots due to the differences in scale & material, there are many similarities in design & control techniques that could be projected and applied.

It plays a vital role in the field of Biomedicine, Especially in the treatment of cancer, Cerebral Aneurysm, kidney stones removal, also to remove the defected part in our DNA structure and some other treatments that have the greatest aid to save human lives.

Nanorobots can be programmed to repair specific diseased cells, functioning in a similar way to antibodies in our natural healing processes.

Nanotechnology is used in agriculture, energy, electronics & many other fields, Nanotechnology can be defined as a description of activities at the level of atoms & molecules that have applications in the real world, In order to achieve cost-effectiveness in nanotechnology, it will be necessary to automate molecular manufacturing, The engineering of molecular products needs to be carried out by robotic devices, which have been termed nanorobots.



Nanorobots

Nanobiotechnology is a subfield of nanotechnology that uses the principles of nanotechnology and applies them towards research & advancement in the biological sciences and medicine, Nanobiotechnology involves the development of technology such as pharmaceuticals and mechanical devices at the nanometer scale for the study of biological systems and treatment of pathology.

The field of microbiology has been used as a springboard for the initial development of robotic functions in Nanobiotechnology, Although microrobots and nanorobots can be constructed and have function, their use within the vascular system is limited by challenges with transportation and propulsion, An effective strategy for enabling propulsion of microrobots and nanorobots is coupling them to magnetotactic bacteria.

The largest component of these nanorobots integrated into magnetotactic bacteria would be the bacterial cell component, The smallest known species of magnetotactic bacteria are the marine magnetotactic spirillum, which is 0.5 μm (500 nanometers), just above the upper limit of the NNI's definition of the nanoscale, the marine magnetotactic spirillum's usefulness is limited by their speed.

Nano-robots can be implemented by using many components such as sensors, actuators, control, power, communication and by interfacing cross-special scales between the organic-inorganic systems, they can be used to maintain & protect the human body against pathogens.

FACULTY ARENA

Development of nanorobots is done by using Biochip, The combination of nanotechnology, photo-lithography and new biomaterials, can be considered as a possible way required for designing technology to develop nanorobots for medical applications such as diagnosis and drug delivery, This realistic approach in designing nanorobots is a methodology which is used in the electronic industries.

Nubot is the acronym for nucleic acid robots, Nubots are manmade robotics devices at the Nanoscale, Nanofactory collaboration aims at developing positionally controlled mechanosynthesis and diamondoid nano-factory which is capable of constructing a diamondoid medical nanorobot, Escherichia coli bacteria uses a flagellum for propulsion purpose, The use of electromagnetic fields is to control the motion of biological integrated device and its limited applications.

Nanorobots in Biomedical applications

Nanotechnologies are rapidly emerging within the realm of medicine, this subfield has been termed Nanomedicine, Nanoparticle technology is used in pharmaceutical technology, Nanotechnological development is the building of nanorobots and Nanorobots are devices with components manufactured on the nanoscale.

Nanorobots can perform surgery at the cellular level, removing individual diseased cells and repairing defective portions of individual cells, they can eliminate the bacterial infections in the patient within minutes, instead of using treatment with antibiotics over a period of weeks, They can repair cellular level conditions that cause the body to age.

The applications of Nanomedicine are based on the ability to build nanorobots, Researchers can work on the scale of nanometers, The scale of nanotechnology is defined by the National Nanotechnology Initiative (NNI), The NNI defines this scale as approximately 1 to 100 nanometers.

Nanotechnology can be used in the development of improved imaging techniques for higher sensitivity in the detection of cancer and illness, improved targeting of drug treatments, It can decrease in the number of adverse effects of chemotherapy, and the enhanced effectiveness of other antineoplastic therapies such as cryotherapy and ultrasound.

Surgical nanorobots can be introduced into the human body through vascular systems and the other cavities, They act as semi-autonomous on-site surgeon inside the human body and they are programmed or directed by the human surgeon, nanorobot performs many functions like searching for pathogens, and diagnosis & correction of lesions by nano-manipulation synchronized by the onboard computer while conserving and contacting with the supervisory surgeon through coded ultrasound signals.

Medical nanorobots can be used for diagnosis, testing & monitoring of microorganisms, tissues and cells in the bloodstream, Nanorobots can note down the record & report some vital signs such as the temperature & pressure, Nanorobots can be used in Cancer detection & treatment, They can be used for detecting the tumor cells in early stages of cancer development inside the patient's body, Nanosensors are used to find the intensity of E-cadherin signals.

Nanorobots can treat genetic diseases, by relating the molecular structures of DNA and proteins in the cell, The modifications and irregularities in the DNA and protein sequences are corrected, The chromosomal replacement therapy is very efficient compared to the cell repair, An assembled repair vessel is inbuilt in the human body to perform the maintenance of genetics by floating inside the nucleus of a cell.

The nanomachine pulls the strand of DNA which is unwounded for analysis, meanwhile the upper arms detach the proteins from the chain, The information which is stored in the large nanocomputer's database is placed outside the nucleus and compared with the molecular structures of both DNA & proteins that are connected through communication link to cell repair ship, The abnormalities found in the structures are corrected, and the proteins reattached to the Deoxy Nucleic Acid chain reforms into their original form.

Continued...

Compiled By:
Dr. Rajeev Pandey
Chief Proctor

FACULTY ARENA

Service Learning in Engineering Education

[Published by the IEEE Computer Society]

EPICS in IEEE empowers students to work with local service organizations to apply technical knowledge to implement solutions for a community's unique challenges. In this way, EPICS in IEEE not only assists communities in achieving their specific local improvement goals but also encourages students to pursue engineering for community improvement as a career.

EPICS IN IEEE While many academic programs have implemented service learning, Purdue University in 1995 created Engineering Projects in Community Service (<https://engineering.purdue.edu/EPICS>), which includes curriculum and service learning best practices for engineering education.⁶ In EPICS projects, students work on engineering-related, interdisciplinary projects with local non profit organizations (NPOs). There is typically a multidisciplinary approach to broadly solve problems and vertically integrate learners; students with a range of knowledge and abilities learn from one another. This approach benefits students by giving them a more diverse group of people to teach and learn from. Finally, EPICS projects aim to have start-to-finish design: they do not terminate at a proof-of-concept but rather can be multiyear efforts that go through many iterations and design cycles.

Generally the projects fall into one of four categories:

- Access and Abilities—Access and Abilities projects help enable adaptive services, clinics for those in need (such as children with disabilities), programs for adults, and assistive technologies.
- Education and Outreach—EPICS in IEEE strives to help young students discover the benefits of STEM for their futures. Many projects give students hands-on experiences to stimulate interest in those fields.

Through these projects, communities and schools lacking strong engineering programs gain new curriculums along with new facilities to explore new areas of a topic.

Environment—Engineering and science are key to meeting environmental challenges.

In communities around the world, environments change with the evolution of technology and the need for sustainability. Many EPICS in IEEE projects concern themselves with recycling, as well as with new ways to create electricity and energy, including the use of renewable energy sources. Through these projects, young students learn about the impact of environmental issues and how engineering can help resolve them. They also gain exposure to potential jobs given the growing demand for alternative energy and environmental solutions.

- Human Services—Through their experiences in these EPICS in IEEE projects, students find connections between engineering and the tremendous scope of community needs globally. This includes homelessness prevention, affordable housing, family and children agencies, neighborhood revitalization, and local government. Even after Human Services project is complete, lasting impact continues to be felt through the local non profit organization's involvement.

Enabling “Casual Talk” with the Deaf In India, the creative blending of three technologies provided the framework for empowering people with hearing disabilities to have “casual” or simple conversations with those who can hear. The IEEE Student Branch at National Engineering College in Kovilpatti, Tamil Nadu, used an EPICS in IEEE grant of \$7,900 to develop “CasTalk.” The project relied on smart mobile devices with 3G or 4G technologies, an animated video streamer, and cloud resources. The eventual result will be simple, natural communication between the hearing disabled and people with normal hearing who live in South India where the regional sign language is a combination of English and Tamil (see Figures 3 and 4).

FACULTY ARENA



Figure 3. One of the IEEE student volunteers developing the CasTalk system.



Figure 4. A screenshot from CasTalk analyzing different attributes of a video feed.

EPICS in IEEE is having an unique impact across the globe, not only helping educate young learners and university students through service learning but providing technological solutions for communities and NPOs with varying needs. The program truly exemplifies IEEE's motto: "Advancing Technology for Humanity." We encourage participation in our program to improve learning and to solve community problems. For more information on EPICS in IEEE, visit <http://epics.ieee.org>.

Compiled By:
Arun Kumar Sahu
Assistant Professor

बदलाव पर कुछ अनमोल विचार

हमने सोचने की प्रणाली से इस दुनिया का निर्माण किया है। अपने विचारों को बदले बिना हम इस दुनिया को नहीं बदल सकते। – Albert Einstein

जीवित रहना मतलब बदलना, बदलना मतलब पूर्ण विकसित होना। विकसित होना मतलब अपनेआप को बनाना है। – Henri Bergson

आप दुनिया में जो बदलाव देखना चाहते हैं उसे देखने के लिये आपको खुद को बदलने की जरूरत होगी। – Mahatma Gandhi

यदि हम दूसरों का इंतज़ार करेंगे तो बदलाव कभी नहीं आयेगा और यदि हम किसी और समय का इंतज़ार करेंगे तो हमें खुद को बदलने की जरूरत होगी। तभी हम दुनिया में मनचाहा बदलाव देख पायेंगे। – Barrack Obama

हर कोई दुनिया को बदलने के बारे में सोचता है। लेकिन कोई अपने आप को नहीं बदलता। – Leo Tolstoy

आपकी जिंदगी भाग्य से अच्छी नहीं होती। बल्कि बदलाव से अच्छी होती है। – Jim Rohn

वो हमेशा कहते हैं की समय चीजों को बदलता है। लेकिन वास्तव में हमें समय के अनुसार बदलने की जरूरत होती है। – Andy Warhol

सभी बदले बदलाव की शुरुवात एक छोटे से बदलाव से ही हुई है। – Deepak Chopra

Compiled By:
Jai Karan
IT Assistant

HEALTH TIPS

Meditate

During meditation, you focus your attention and quiet the stream of jumbled thoughts that may be crowding your mind and causing stress. Meditation can instill a sense of calm, peace and balance that can benefit both your emotional well-being and your overall health.

Guided meditation, guided imagery, visualization and other forms of meditation can be practiced anywhere at any time, whether you're out for a walk, riding the bus to work or waiting at the doctor's office. You can also try deep breathing anywhere.

Get enough sleep

Stress can cause you to have trouble falling asleep. When you have too much to do — and too much to think about — your sleep can suffer. But sleep is the time when your brain and body recharge.

And the quality and amount of sleep you get can affect your mood, energy level, concentration and overall functioning. If you have sleep troubles, make sure that you have a quiet, relaxing bedtime routine, listen to soothing music, put clocks away, and stick to a consistent schedule.

AYURVED

वेद भगवान ने भगवान शंकर के संपूर्ण शरीर को ही भेषज मान लिया है। कहा गया है—

या ते रुद्र शिवा तनूः शिवा विश्वाहा भेषजी।

शिवा रुतस्य भेषजी तथा नो मृड जीवसे॥

—यजु० १६/४९

सचमुच आयुर्वेद ही भगवान शिव के रूप में अभिव्यक्त हुआ था। भगवान शंकर के पास मृत-संजीवनी नाम की ऐसी विद्या थी, जो और किसी के पास नहीं थी। इस विद्या को भगवान शंकर ने शुक्राचार्य को दिया था। शिव जी रसशास्त्र के भी आदिप्रवर्तक माने जाते हैं। ऐसा कहा जाता है कि दक्ष के शरीर में बकरे के सिर को जोड़कर पहली प्लास्टिक सर्जरी की एवं चिकित्सा विज्ञान की शल्यपद्धति को जन्म दिया। तंत्र से जुड़ी एवं अन्य प्राणदायिनी कई औषधियों के भी प्रवर्तक शिव जी ही माने जाते हैं। वेद और पुराण ने भगवान शंकर को वैद्यों का भी वैद्य—महामृत्युंजय कहा है।

MOTIVATIONAL STORY

पनामा नहर का निर्माण हो रहा था। दुर्भाग्यवश वहाँ मलेरिया रोग महामारी की तरह फैल गया था। उस समय यह रोग असाध्य था। सैकड़ों मजदूर मरने लगे। डॉक्टरों को इस रोग का इलाज ढूँढ़ने के लिए एक प्रयोग करने की आवश्यकता थी। उन्होंने कहा कि यदि हमें कुछ ऐसे व्यक्ति मिल जाएँ जिनके शरीर में मलेरिया के पेरासाइट्स को प्रवेश कराकर नई दवाइयों का उन पर प्रभाव देखा जा सके तो शायद मलेरिया का इलाज संभव है। मृत्यु सुनिश्चित देखते हुए भी इस कार्य के लिए अनेक लोगों ने अपना नाम लिखाया। आज भले ही विश्व उनके नाम से परिचित न हो, परंतु उनके बलिदान के कारण ही मलेरिया का इलाज खोजा जा सका है।

DO YOU KNOW

1 : Diagnostics service for Cars.

- A. MIPS
- B. AutoBot
- C. IoT Assistant
- D. IoT

Answer : Option B - **AutoBot**

2 : Wi-Fi stands for?

- A. Wireless fidelity
- B. Wireless Flexibility
- C. Wide Fidelity
- D. WAN Flexibility

Answer : Option A - **Wireless fidelity**

3 : Making the smaller and smaller things have the ability to connect and interact.

- A. Micro Tech
- B. Smart tech
- C. Nano tech
- D. RFID

Answer : Option C - **Nano tech**

4 : Which of the following is not involved in working of IoT?

- A. RFID
- B. Sensor
- C. Nano tech
- D. Server

Answer : Option D - **Server**

5 : A network of physical objects or things embedded with electronics or softwares.

- A. AI
- B. ML
- C. IOT
- D. Internet

Answer : Option C – **IOT**

6 : PDAs are also called?

- A. PCs
- B. Laptops
- C. Tablets
- D. Handheld

Answer : Option D - **Handheld**

7 : They can operate on batteries and hence are very popular with travelers.

- A. Mainframes
- B. Laptops
- C. Microprocessors
- D. Hybrid

Answer : Option B – **Laptops**


8 : This type of computer is mostly used for automatic operations.

- A. remote
- B. hybrid
- C. analog
- D. digital

Answer : Option B – **hybrid**

CONGRATULATIONS

The following student have been finally selected by **Intuitive.com** in the On Campus Recruitment Drive held on 27th June, 2021:

	Name	Company
	AFREEN KHAN	Intuitive.com